

Green Ghetto

One PCB, 3 different Electra-based builds



Important notes

If you're using any of our footswitch daughterboards, DOWNLOAD THE DAUGHTERBOARD DOCUMENT

- Download and read the appropriate build document for the daughterboard as well as this one BEFORE you start.
- DO NOT solder the supplied Current Limiting Resistor (CLR) to the main circuit board even if there is a place for it. This should be soldered to the footswitch daughterboard.

POWER SUPPLY

Unless otherwise stated in this document this circuit is designed to be powered with 9V DC.

COMPONENT SPECS

Unless otherwise stated in this document:

- Resistors should be 0.25W. You can use those with higher ratings but check the physical size of them.
- Electrolytics caps should be at least 25V for 9V circuits, 35V for 18V circuits. Again, check physical size if using higher ratings.

LAYOUT CONVENTIONS

Unless otherwise stated in this document, the following are used:

• Electrolytic capacitors:

Long leg (anode) to square pad.

• Diodes/LEDs:

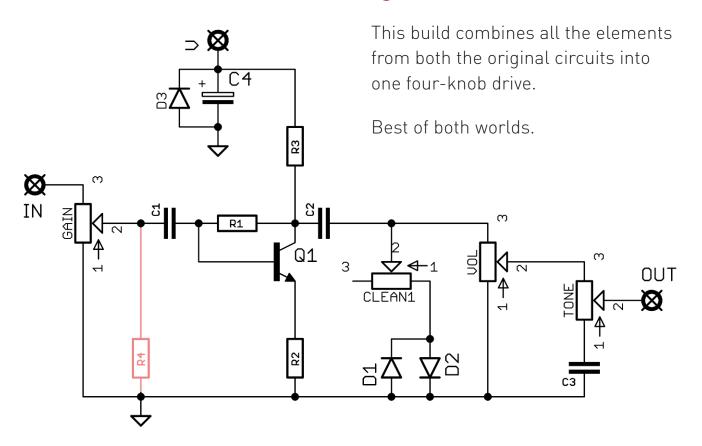
Striped leg (cathode) to square pad. Short leg to square pad for LEDs.

• ICs:

Square pad indicates pin 1.

Schematic + BOM

Full Four Knob FuzzDog version



R1	2M2
R2	680R
R3	47K

D1,2 1N4148* D3 1N4001

2N3904*

*Feel free to try other clipping diodes and BJT transistors. It's all good.

R4 Empty
C1 100n
C2 100n
C3 10n

C4

 100n
 GAIN
 100KB

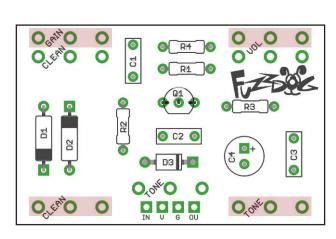
 100n
 CLEAN
 25KB

 10n
 VOL
 100KB

 100u elec
 TONE
 100KB

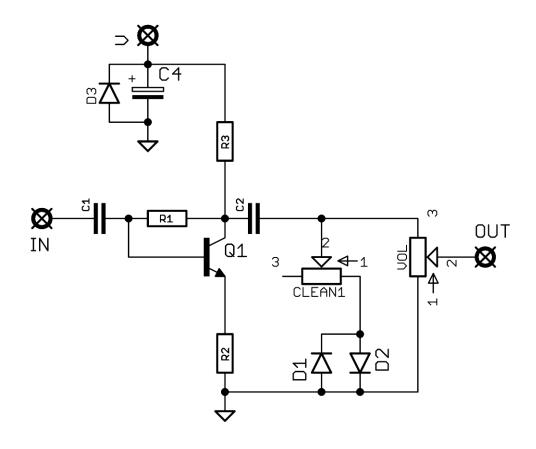
Q1

Use these pot pads >>>>



Schematic + BOM

Two-knob Giant



R1	2M2
R2	680R

R3 47K

R4 Empty**

C1 100n

C2 100n

C3 10n

C4 100u elec

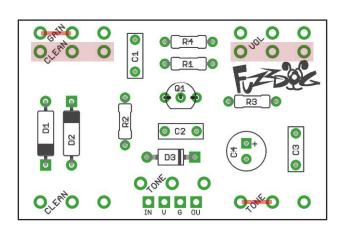
D1,2 1N4148* D3 1N4001

Q1 2N3904*

CLEAN 25KB VOL 100KB *Feel free to try other clipping diodes and BJT transistors. It's all good.

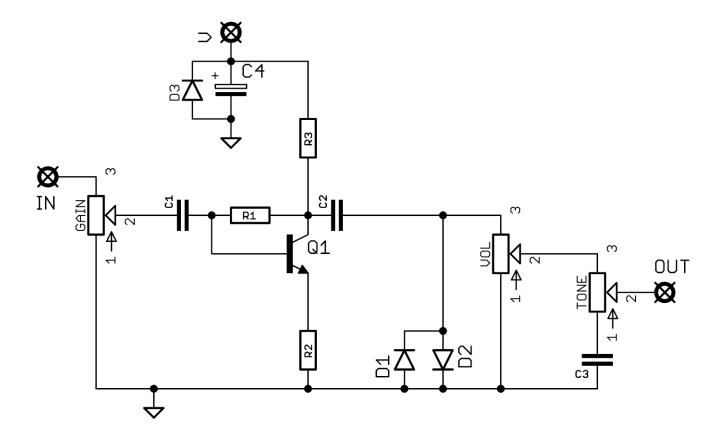
**We've added R4 as an optional anti-pop resistor for this build.

Use these pot pads >>>> and add jumpers on tone and gain as shown



Schematic + BOM

Three Knob Ghetto



R1 2M2 R2 680R R3 47K

Empty

C1 100n C2

R4

C3 10n

C4 100u elec

47n

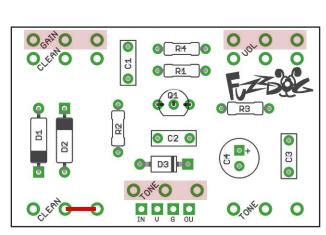
D1.2 1N4148* D3

1N4001

2N3904* Q1

GAIN 100KB VOL 100KB TONE 100KB

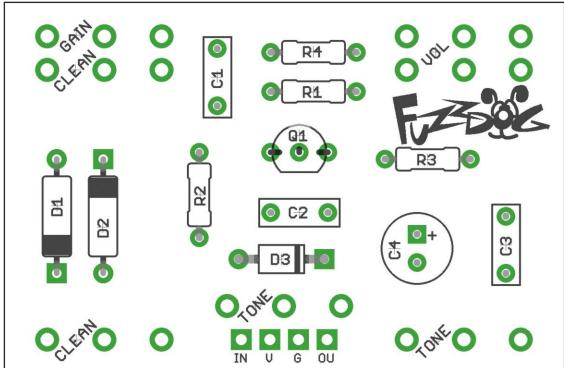
Use these pot pads >>>> and add a jumper on clean as shown



*Feel free to try other

clipping diodes and BJT

transistors. It's all good.



⁵CB layout ©2019 Pedal Parts Ltd.

The power and signal pads on the PCB conform to the FuzzDog Direct Connection format, so can be paired with the appropriate daughterboard for quick and easy offboard wiring. Check the separate daughterboard document for details.

Be very careful when soldering the transistor, diodes and LEDs. They're very sensitive to heat. You should use some kind of heat sink (crocodile clip or reverse action tweezers) on each leg as you solder them. Keep exposure to heat to a minimum (under 2 seconds).

You should solder all other board-mounted components before you solder the pots. Once they're in place you'll have no access to much of the board. Make sure your pots all line up nicely. The best way to do that is to solder a single pin of each pot in place then melt and adjust if necessary before soldering in the other two pins. If your pots don't have protective plastic jackets ensure you leave a decent gap between the pot body and the PCB otherwise you risk shorting out the circuit.

Snap the small metal tag off the pots so they can be mounted flush in the box.

Pots should orientate as shown below for all versions, i.e. pins towards the bottom of the board.



Test the board!

Check the relevant daughterboard document for more info before you undertake this stage.

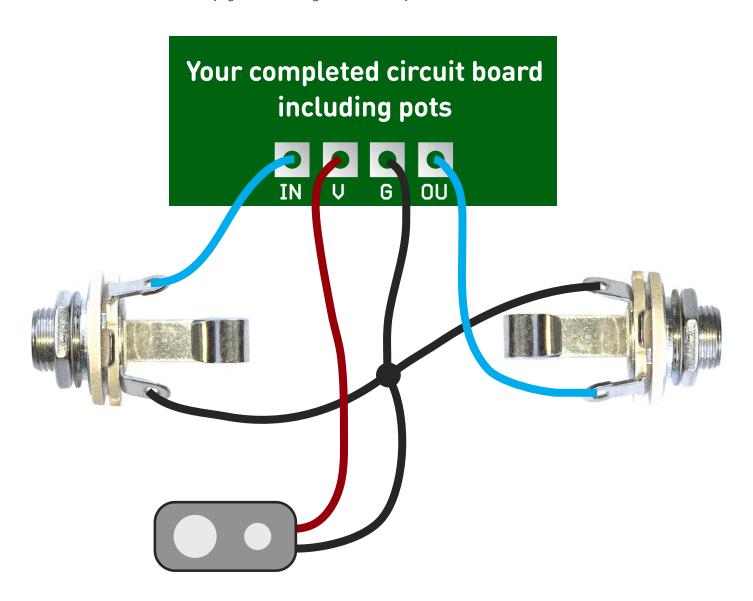
UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES will troubleshooting help be offered if you have skipped this stage. No exceptions.

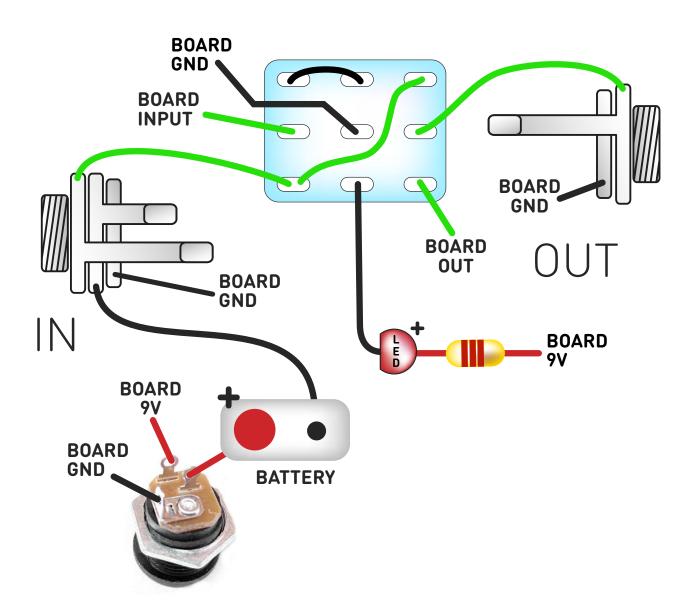
Once you've finished the circuit it makes sense to test is before starting on the switch and LED wiring. It'll cut down troubleshooting time in the long run. If the circuit works at this stage, but it doesn't once you wire up the switch - guess what? You've probably made a mistake with the switch.

Solder some nice, long lengths of wire to the board connections for 9V, GND, IN and OUT. Connect IN and OUT to the jacks as shown. Connect all the GNDs together (twist them up and add a small amount of solder to tack it). Connect the battery + lead to the 9V wire, same method. Plug in. Go!

If you're using a ribbon cable you can tack the wires to the ends of that. It's a lot easier to take them off there than it is do desolder wires from the PCB pads.

If it works, carry on and do your switch wiring. If not... aw man. At least you know the problem is with the circuit. Find out why, get it working, THEN worry about the switch etc.





Wiring shown above will disconnect the battery when you remove the jack plug from the input, and also when a DC plug is inserted.

The Board GND connections don't all have to directly attach to the board. You can run a couple of wires from the DC connector, one to the board, another to the IN jack, then daisy chain that over to the OUT jack.

It doesn't matter how they all connect, as long as they do.

This circuit is standard, Negative GND. Your power supply should be Tip Negative / Sleeve Positive. That's the same as your standard pedals (Boss etc), and you can safely daisy-chain your supply to this pedal.

Drilling template

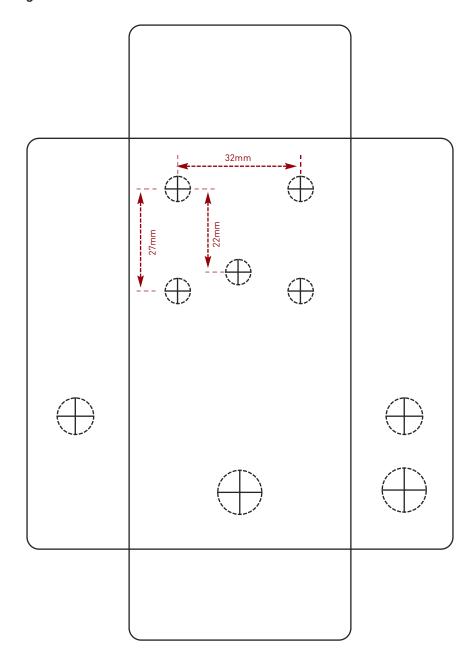
Hammond 1590B

60 x 111 x 31mm

Recommended drill sizes:

Pots 7mm
Jacks 10mm
Footswitch 12mm
DC Socket 12mm
Toggle switch 6mm

It's a good idea to drill the pot and toggle switch holes 1mm bigger if you're board-mounting them.
Wiggle room = good!



This template is a rough guide only. You should ensure correct marking of your enclosure before drilling. You use this template at your own risk.

Pedal Parts Ltd can accept no responsibility for incorrect drilling of enclosures.

FuzzDog.co.uk